Your Right to Study at Belfast Met - Academic Year 2021/22

All students at Belfast Met are asked to provide evidence of their identity and citizenship when they enrol for a course.

This is done for a number of reasons, for example:

- ✓ to confirm your identity for any qualifications you will be taking;
- ✓ to check your right to study in the UK; and
- ✓ to work out any fees you might have to pay.

What Evidence is Needed?

Your Identity - You must provide proof of your identity when you enrol on a course with us. If you use non-photographic evidence to enrol, you will be required to produce photographic ID on or before the first day of class, e.g. photo card driving licence, Blue Badge, Youth Club ID etc.

Your Right to Study in the UK - The table below shows the documents or evidence you will need to provide to prove you have the right to study at Belfast Met. This is for all enrolments from 1 July 2021 onwards.

If you have any queries or cannot provide any of these documents, please contact our International Office at InternationalOffice@belfastmet.ac.uk for more advice.

Right to Study	What documents/evidence do I have to provide for Belfast Met?
British or Irish citizen born in	British or Irish passport
Northern Ireland	OR
	British birth certificate if you were born in the UK before January 1, 1983*
	OR
	Full birth certificate and evidence that one of your parents is British or Irish citizen
	(For more information, please click <u>here)</u>
Irish citizen	Proof of Irish citizenship, e.g. Irish passport or Irish birth certificate
EU, EEA or Swiss citizen	Any <u>one</u> of the following:
	Student Visa
What are the EEA countries?	EU Settled/Pre-settled Status:
Iceland, Liechtenstein & Norway	- Share Code from the <u>View and Prove Gov website</u>
	We will not ask you for this information until 1 July 2021. However, it will speed up your enrolment process if
	you can provide this before 1 July 2021.
	 Evidence of an application for EU Settled Status before 30 June 2021
	(Applications beyond this date can also be accepted in certain circumstances. Contact our International Office
	for further advice).
	Biometric Residency Permit

Last updated: 10/06/2021

A close relative of an EU, EEA or	Any <u>one</u> of the following:
Swiss citizen.	Student Visa
What is a close relative? A husband, wife or civil partner, child, grandchild under 21, dependent parent or a grandparent.	 Passport endorsed with study visa details (vignette) British or Irish Passport EU Settled/Pre-settled Status Share Code from the View and Prove Gov website We will not ask you for this information until 1 July 2021. However, it will speed up your enrolment process if you can provide this before 1 July 2021. Evidence of an application for EU Settled Status before 30 June 2021
	Biometric Residency Permit
UK Residents with Indefinite	Proof of indefinite leave to remain such as
Leave to Remain	A stamp or sticker in your passport
	Letter from Home Office confirming status
	Biometric Residency Permit
Non-EU/EEA national	Existing Visa and Immigration Rules. If you need more information or help, please email our International Office at InternationalOffice@belfastmet.ac.uk

^{*(}Extract from: Section 11 British Nationality Act 1981 Section 1(1) British Nationality (Falkland Islands) Act 1983 Sections 3 & 6 British Overseas Territories Act 2002 2.2 The Law

Last updated: 10/06/2021

^{2.2.1} Section 11 of the British Nationality Act 1981 explains which people born before 1 January 1983 acquired British citizenship automatically on that date.

^{2.2.2} Under s.11(1), a person automatically became a British citizen on 1 January 1983 if immediately before that date he or she:

[•] was a citizen of the United Kingdom and Colonies; and • had the right of abode in the United Kingdom under s.2 of the Immigration Act 1971 as then in force)