

Data Breach Management Procedure

Updated November 2025

1. BACKGROUND

As a Data Controller the FE Sector must obtain, manage, process and store all data in compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) and its 6 main principles as per Article 5.

Article 5(f) of the GDPR states personal data must be:

'processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ('integrity and confidentiality')'

The College holds a large amount of data / information, both in hard and electronic copy. This includes personal or confidential information (about people), and also non-personal information which could be sensitive or commercial, for instance financial data.

This procedure will provide staff with guidance should they identify or have suspicion that personal data has been compromised.

As the Data Controller, the College is accountable for all data being processed as part of the organisational function. It is therefore imperative that a confirmed or suspected breach is reported as soon as possible. Failure to report a breach may result in damage and distress to both the individuals concerned and the College reputation and physical/electronic facilities.

Failure to report a breach also contravenes Article 33 of GDPR which states:

'In the case of a personal data breach, the controller shall without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the personal data breach to the supervisory authority competent in accordance with Article 55, unless the personal data breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons. Where the notification to the supervisory authority is not made within 72 hours, it shall be accompanied by reasons for the delay.'

The College will provide regular Data Protection training and approved policies and procedures to assist its staff in minimising the risk of theft, unauthorised access, loss and damage while fulfilling their contracted duties.

2. SCOPE

This Standard Operating Procedure applies to College staff and authorised third parties which can include temporary staff and work experience candidates.

Should a member of staff suspect a breach has occurred, they are responsible for notifying his/her line manager and the Belfast Met Data Protection Officer (DPO).

3. PROCEDURE

3.01 Definition: What is a Breach?

A data breach is a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed.

Such incidents may be caused by, for example:

- Accidental loss
- Theft
- Human error e.g email containing personal data sent to the wrong person
- Equipment failure
- Damage e.g fire, flood
- · Malicious activity e.g hacking

If a data security breach occurs, the College will respond to and manage the breach effectively by means of a 5-part process.

- 1. Reporting a Breach
- 2. Containment and Recovery
- 3. Assessing the Risks
- 4. Notification of Breaches
- 5. Evaluation and Response

3.02 Reporting a Breach

Article 33 of GDPR requires the College to report breaches to the Information Commissioners Office (ICO) within 72 hours of if it being discovered, unless the breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals. In some cases, they may also be informed of suspected breaches. e.

Delays in reporting to the ICO must be accompanied with and explanation of reasons for the delay.

It is therefore critical that once any member of staff or authorised third party have knowledge of a breach or suspect a breach has occurred, they must contact the DPO immediately.

Contact details for the College DPO are:

Data Protection Officer and Compliance Manager
Belfast Metropolitan College
Corporate Development
Integrated Shared Services Centre
398 Springfield Road
Belfast, BT6 7DU
dataprotection@belfastmet.ac.uk
02890 265455

All known details should be included in the initial reporting of the incident.

The immediate response will be to establish the nature of the breach, and the data involved e.g is it personal, how many individuals may be affected, and to ensure the data is secured/determine the steps taken to secure the data.

The Data Protection & Complaints Team will maintain a record of all personal data breaches to include the circumstances leading to the breach, managing the data loss, individuals involved and evaluation/recommendations.

3.03 Containment and Recovery

Once details of the breach are known, the DPO will liaise with relevant departments to contain the effect of the breach. This may include IT, Human Resources, College Management Team, Estates and on some occasions, external suppliers.

The DPO and the department specialists will agree what action must be taken to limit the damage caused by the breach and if possible, restore any lost data e.g backup tapes. Priority actions may include password changes, disabling swipe access to secure areas within the buildings or searching for lost equipment.

3.04 Assessing the Risks

Once the breach has been contained, the DPO, with support from impacted departments will assess risks associated with the loss of the data to determine whether notification is required to the ICO or impacted individuals.

Considerations will be given to the following points:

- Type of data e.g hardcopy, electronic, personal data, sensitive data
- Nature of the loss e.g theft, damage
- Has the data been encrypted
- What information does the data tell an unauthorised party who may now have access
- How many individuals are potentially affected by this loss

- What category of individuals are affected e.g students, staff, suppliers
- What threat may be posed to these individuals e.g financial loss, personal safety.

3.05 Notification of Breaches

Notifying the individuals

Impacted individuals must be notified without delay where the personal data breach is likely to result in a high risk to their rights and freedoms. Where notification is required, the DPO and impacted departments will establish the identities of individuals whose personal data has been compromised and agree the correspondence to be sent to each subject.

The correspondence should include:

- · how and when the breach occurred
- what data is involved
- actions taken by the College
- advice in relation to what steps the individual may need to take to protect themselves in light of their data being compromised e.g changing a password, cancelling a credit card
- if the ICO been informed
- contact name, website link if they need further information in relation to the incident

Notifying the ICO

The ICO must be notified of all data breaches, unless the breach is unlikely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals, within 72 hours. The DPO will be responsible for this correspondence.

As per Article 33.2 of GDPR, when notifying the ICO, the information should include, at minimum:

- nature of the personal data breach including where possible, the categories and approximate number of data subjects concerned, and the categories and approximate number of personal data records concerned
- name and contact details of the data protection officer or other contact point where more information can be obtained
- describe the likely consequences of the personal data breach
- describe the measures taken or proposed to be taken by the controller to address the personal data breach, including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects.

The ICO will not normally inform the media of a breach however they may advise the College to inform the media of the breach.

Notifying the Media

Should the ICO advise that the media is informed of the data breach, the DPO will liaise with the Principal and Chief Executive to agree a statement which will be released to the press via the College's Marketing and Design department, containing all relevant information pertaining to the incident.

3.06 Evaluation and Response

While it is critical to contain and assess the risks of a breach, the College must evaluate events leading to the breach and the effectiveness of its response to it. The DPO/Data Protection & Complaints Team will lead this evaluation, with appropriate departments and ELT if required. If necessary, the DPO will seek advice from the ICO regarding what measures the College should and can take to avoid a breach of a similar nature in the future.

Considerations should be given to the following:

- Was the breach a result of inadequate policies or procedures
- Was the breach a result of inappropriate training
- · Where are documents stored
- Who has access rights to what data
- Has this breach identified potential weaknesses in other areas
- Security of electronic information assets

3.07 ICO Response

The ICO will evaluate the data breach and carry out their own investigation into the surrounding circumstances, the nature and seriousness of the breach, and the adequacy of any remedial action taken by the College will be assessed and a course of action determined.

The ICO may:

- Record the breach and take no further action, or
- Investigate the circumstances of the breach and any remedial action, which could lead to:
 - o no further action;
 - a requirement on the data controller to undertake a course of action to prevent further breaches;
 - formal enforcement action turning such a requirement into a legal obligation; or
 - o where there is evidence of a serious breach of the GDPR, whether deliberate or negligent, the serving of a monetary penalty notice

requiring the organisation to pay a monetary penalty of an amount determined by the Commissioner up to the value of €20m.

• Recommended changes to systems, policies and procedures will be documented and implemented as soon as possible thereafter.

4. COMMUNICATION PLAN

This procedure will be communicated to all staff via the College Intranet.

5. REVIEW

This procedure will be reviewed (and amended if required) every two years or sooner to reflect changes in legislation or circumstance.

6. VERSION CONTROL LOG

Version Number	Date	Updates
1	November 2025	Owner, last updated,
		version control log added;
		wording updated reflect
		current process on
		reporting, clarify
		stakeholder engagement,
		align more closely with
		regulatory language on
		when notification.